## **APPENDIX A-4**

## CITY OF REDMOND <u>CLEARING, GRADING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT</u> <u>PLAN REVIEW CHECKLISTS - F068</u>

Project Name: Tax Parcel or Plat #:		Submittal Dates:	Review Dates/Initials:	
			/	
Engineer:			/	
Contact:			/	
Phone:			/	
Review Notes:	I = Incomplete/Incorrect/Must C = Complete/Correct N = Non-Applicable [] = Reference // = 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> /3 <sup>rd</sup> Review			
REDMOND CO	DMMUNITY DEVELOPMEN	NT GUIDE		
	orm to Section 20E.90.10-080 or lings listed below must be addr	<del>_</del>	Development Guide.	
/ / Erosion	and Sediment Control			
//Drainag	ge Facilities			
//Water (				
//Water (	Quantity Control			
/ Stabiliz	ation of Disturbed Areas			
/ / Protecti	on of Adjacent Properties			
/	ž -			
/	cation of Sensitive Areas and A	Associated Buffers		
	cation of Easements			
/ Accurat	e Description of Work Area			
	of Pollutants other than Sedim	ent on Construction Sites		
// Source	Control of Pollution			
/	ling Off-Site Erosion			
/ Other B				
// Separat	e Public and Private Drainage			
/ / Limited	Topographic Change			
//_Tree Pr	eservation Plan			
DRAWING FO	RMAT AND CONTENT			
Plans shall confo	orm to the standards in the Stori	mwater Technical Noteboo	ok.	
//_ Constr	uction Drawing Size - 22" x 34	,,		

//	Drawing Content - shall contain all information necessary to review the design and to	
	construct the improvements.	
//	Title Block/Drawing Title	
	//_ Issue or Revision Date	
	// Section, Township, and Range	
	//_ Project Name & Phase	
	// Tax Parcel/Plat Number	
	// Legal Description	
	//_ Engineer Information - name, address, phone and contact	
	//_ Owner Information - name, address, phone and contact	
//	Vicinity Map - showing the general location of the project	
//	City Approval Block - must be on every sheet at lower right hand corner	
//	Horizontal Scale - 1"=20"	
//	_Vertical Scale - 1"=5"	
//	Vertical Datum - minimum of two (2) C.O.R. datum must be shown	
//	Horizontal Datum - minimum of two (2) C.O.R. datum and NAD 83-91 coordinates on	
, ,	two (2) minimum points at exterior lot/boundary corners must be shown	
_/_/_	North Arrow & Scale Bar - shown in the upper left hand corner of the drawings	
//	Drawing Layout - shall be laid out to afford the maximum understanding possible	
//	Profiles of Storm Drainage Systems - required for public drainage systems and may be	
, ,	required for private systems where conflicts with other utilities are possible	
//	Profile Information - include existing and proposed grade, all utility crossings and	
	crossings clearances, pipe slope, pipe size, pipe length, pipe material, manhole depths,	
, ,	inverts, etc.	
_/_/_	Plan View Information - shall indicate and identify all existing and proposed features,	
	utilities, street improvements and paving, and other features that will affect the design	
/ /	and construction of the site grading and the drainage system.	
//	Engineer Stamp and Signed and Dated Consistently with Issued or Revised Date - drawings shall be stamped before submittal and review by the City.	
/ /	Legend - identify line types and symbols used	
//	Property Data - shall include property lines with bearings and distances, right-of-way	
//	lines, parcel numbers, lot numbers, plat names, and street names.	
/ /	Phased Project Drawings - depict all construction necessary to complete the phase	
//	(each phase shall be independently approved).	
/ /	Standard Notes found in Appendix A-3 (Form F066)	
	Each sheet contains: THIS DEVELOPMENT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN	
//	ACCORDANCE WITH THE CITY OF REDMOND STANDARD	
	SPECIFICATIONS AND DETAILS, LATEST REVISION.	
	STECHTOTIONS THE DETTILES, EXTEST REVISION.	
MINIMUM DESIGN REQUIREMENTS, CLEARING, GRADING & TESC		
DI 1	11 C 4 4 NW - 1 C 1 C 1 C 1 C C	
Plans shall conform to the <b>Minimum Design Requirements</b> identified in the Stormwater		
Technical Notebook.		
/ /	Fully Identify Work algoring and grading limits shown with stocknile/stocing areas	
//	Fully Identify Work - clearing and grading limits shown, with stockpile/staging areas and sequence of construction	
	and sequence of construction	

//	Disturbed Area - in acres must be shown on the clearing and grading plans
//	Limits of Clearing - fenced with 42" orange safety fence or approved filter fence
//	Trees to Remain - shall be shown with the dripline designated (must have protective
	fencing at five feet (5') beyond the dripline if adjacent to cleared areas) - no grading or
	filling permitted within the dripline. Show pertinent information within 50' of clearing.
/ /	Buffer Strips of Sensitive Areas
	Steep Slope Setback
	Grades - show existing and proposed contours
	Cut/Fill - shall not exceed 8'
	Stabilization of Disturbed Areas
	Stockpile location and ground slopes
	Estimate of Earthwork Quantities
	Timing and Stabilization of Sediment Trapping Measures
	Silt Fence [COR Std 502] (no straw bale permitted - must use silt fence)
	Construction Entrance [COR Std 503]
	Clean Water Diversion - areas onsite and offsite that are not disturbed must be diverted
	away from disturbed areas.
/ /	Dewatering Construction Sites – show sediment traps
	Stabilization of Temporary Conveyance Channels and Outlets – no erosion for 10-
	year/24-hour storm
/ /	Storm Drain Inlet Protection – inlet protection must be provided for all storm drain
	inlets within the construction vicinity
/ /	Temporary Swales and/or Trenches - show shape, dimensions, spot elevations every
	50', drainage area, channel stabilization treatment type and computations of flow and
	velocity (cannot exceed 4 fps without rip-rap lining) [COR Std 504].
/ /	Check Dams - show detail, dimensions and quantity of rock protection. No straw bales
	allowed.
//_	Temporary Culverts - show drainage area, 1' minimum cover, type of pipe, length and
	diameter, and slope.
//	Temporary Sediment Pond(s) - show size, bottom elevation, top elevation, cleanout
	elevation, outlet protection, drainage area, volume required, volume provided, cross-
	section through the dam, profile through the pond, spillway and consistent with
	calculations. Not allowed near future infiltration sites.
/ /	Rip-rap Outlet Protection - show size of stone, quantity and stabilization fabric under
	stone [COR Std 620].
//_	Maximum open trench length = 300'
	TESC performance bond posted
	Construction Access Routes
//	Note concerning Removal of Temporary BMPs upon completion of project
//	Preservation of Natural Drainage Systems
//	Sequence of Construction - describe how construction will proceed in order to limit
	erosion, include phasing if appropriate.
SITE PI	LAN (All Proposed Information must be Distinguished from Existing Information)
//_	Property Lines - including bearings and distances

Right of Way - including bearings and distances
_ Lot Numbers
_ Site Area - shown in s.f. and acres
Streets - edge of pavement or curb and sidewalk, centerline, and name shown
Contours - (dashed lines for existing and solid lines for proposed) 1' or 2' interval
(slopes 40% or greater may be shown with 5 foot contours)
Onsite Features - easements, buffers, +40% slopes, etc.
Offsite Information - all features within offsite areas that drain onsite, and all
information within 20' of all property lines
Utilities (water, sewer, telephone, cable television, gas, power, etc.)
All Utilities Easements Shown with Dimensions Labeled
Setbacks
// Building
//_ Steep Slope (in accordance with geotechnical recommendations)
//_ Other
Parcel Information – Area (s.f.), existing, new, and proposed impervious area, and
water quality and quantity design storms
AGE BASIN MAP
AGE DASIN MAI
_ North Arrow
Scale (larger engineering scale may be used as appropriate)
_Title Block
_ Property Lines
Proposed and Existing Contours
Proposed Storm Drainage Inlets and Numbers
_Existing Storm Drainage
_ Drainage Area to Each Inlets
_ Drainage Area to SWM Facility
Offsite Areas Draining Onsite
_Flow Path for Time of Concentration Computations
Legend of Symbols
_Storm Drainage Table (include: inlet number, drainage area, rational method "C" factor
and t <sub>c</sub> ,)
_Stormwater Management Data (include: facility number, drainage area and
compensated area)
_Zoning
_Road and Stream Names
IWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT
ogic Calculations
Pre-develop Condition
/_/Outwash Soil Area
/ / Till Soil Area

	// Saturated Soil Area
	//_ Impervious Area
/ /	Post-develop Condition
	// Outwash Soil Area
	// Till Soil Area
	/_/_ Saturated Soil Area
	// Impervious Area
Quantity	Control
//	Discharge Durations: Match developed condition discharge durations to predeveloped
	condition discharge durations for the range of discharge rates from one half of the 2-
	year peak flow up to the 50-year peak flow.
//	Storage Volume Required
	Storage Volume Provided
//	Control Structure(s)
//	Quantity Control Facilities
OT: 4 T T	
	TY CONTROL
	uality Design Storm Volume
//	Rainfall Intensity (KCSWM Manual Fig. 3.5.1C - 3.5.1I)
	// 6-month/24-hour storm
	/_/_ Pervious Area
	//_ Pervious Area Curve Number (Vol. III, Ch. 2)
	/_/_ Impervious Area
	//_ Impervious Area Curve Number (Vol. III, Ch. 2)
	// Time of Concentration (Show Calculation)
	// Water Quality Volume Required (6-month/24 hour)
	//_ Treatment Volume Provided
	//_ Control Structure(s)
	// Quality Control Facilities
WATED	QUALITY DESIGN FLOW RATE
	receding Detention
	Flow rate that results in treatment of 91% of runoff volume per continuous runoff
	model
	model
When Do	ownstream of Detention
//	2-year release rate
	YANCE SYSTEM
	Storm Drain Computations - rational method may be used for pipe sizing. Include: "C"
	factor determination, time of concentration determination and flow calculations.
/]	Design Slope - 0.25% minimum and 20% maximum

//	Hydraulic Grade Line Computations – hgl for 10 year must be 1' below overflow
	condition (allowances may be made near detention system or large bodies of water
	surcharge).
/ /	Downstream Analysis - provide storm drain computations and hydraulic grade line
//	
	computations for existing storm drainage systems which are being revised by changes
, ,	to the drainage area or system expansion.
	Safe 100-Year Flow Conveyance - the provision of the 100-year storm flow shall not
	impact any buildings.
	All CMP pipe must be specified as corrugated aluminum pipe.
//	Information presented in the calculations is consistent with plan.
//	Concrete inlets may be installed only where downstream catch basins are available to
	collect sediment. They should be used where sump maintenance would be difficult.
/ /	Maintenance access to all catch basins and drainage structures has been provided.
	Extreme cases may be waived by the Stormwater Engineer.
	Roof drain stubs should cross sidewalk at close to a 90 degree angle.
	A maximum of three (3) single family houses may share a common roof drain stub.
	Timaminani of thee (e) single family houses may share a common foot grain stact
STORM	WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
Plan Rev	
	Minimum Pipe Size - 8" minimum for public storm drain systems and 6" minimum for
//	private systems.
, ,	1 7
	Pipe Data - pipe size, length, slope, and material labeled
_/_/_	Horizontal Clearance - 5' from all other utilities and structures, and 8' from trees (street
	trees may be 4' minimum with root barrier).
	Vertical Clearance - 1' from other utilities - 18" for sewer with storm above sewer
//	Rockeries/Retaining Walls - shall not cross or be near storm drain pipes. Exceptions
	shall only be approved where no alternatives exist. Any crossing of a wall shall be
	perpendicular to the wall and special construction techniques including steel casings
	may be required. No rockeries allowed over roof or footing drains
/ /	Structure Data - structure number, structure type and/or size, type of cover, rim
	elevation, and all pipe inverts labeled
/ /	Structure Spacing - 350' preferred (400' may be allowed)
	Easements – shown with dimensions labeled - 20' minimum width - no obstructions
	allowed in easements
, ,	Drains Behind Sidewalk - required in all cut situations and at the base of slopes
	•
//	Cleanouts Spacing - to be at bends, end of lines and at 100' o.c. (required in all cut
, ,	situations and at the base of slopes)
//	Cleanouts Specifications - shall be specified with Carson boxes or equal with
	ungasketted caps in soft area and traffic bearing in paved areas [COR Std 621].
//	Footing/Foundation Drains - including pipe size, material, and cleanouts shall be
	connected to the storm drain system (shown as stubbed to lots only for plats).
//	Roof Drains - including pipe size, material, and cleanouts shall be connected to the
	stormdrain system (shown as stubbed to lots only for plats) 6" minimum
/ /	Footing/Foundation Drains and Roof Drains - shall be connected at a structure only
	(private onsite structure or at the street).
/ /	3' Paved Area - around roof drain cleanout or catch basin Type 1A required

//_Trace	er Wire – must be shown on roof drains from the building to the property line.
//_Outfa	all Protection - sized for 10-year storm (unless otherwise specified by Development
	ices Division); provide: type, size dimensions and quantity of stone. Stone must be
	on approved filter fabric. Maximum allowable discharge velocity to rock outlet is
	os without special design [COR Std 620].
	ntrol structures, hoods for risers over 15" in diameter shall have an annular space
	l to the riser pipe flow area.
-	
•	Required for Public System)
	le - pipes and structures
	r Utilities - labeled and designate size and type
	le grades - show and label existing and proposed grades
/Pipe	Cover - 18" minimum
/Pipe	Profile Information - show invert and top of pipe, pipe size, pipe material, and
desig	gn slope.
//Drop	structures only allowed per approval of Stormwater Engineer
//Grate	es: - through-curb inlets at sag curves, possible bypass points and every third inlet;
Vane	ed Grates on Slopes > 5%; Herringbone otherwise.
/_/Utilit	y Crossings - all crossings must be shown, label utility type, line size, invert of
utilit	y and storm lines and clearance between pipes (1' minimum vertical clearance and
	egrees minimum crossing angle).
	ture Profile Information - label type of structure, structure number, size, and pipe
inve	rts
//Berm	Section - in accordance with geotechnical recommendation for open ponds
	c Storm Structure – with 4' or greater from the top to the invert must be Type II
	h basin - 5' for private structure - see Standard detail 608
	III catch basin required for structures with bottoms between 12' and 25'. See
• •	dard Detail 615.
<b>STORMWA</b>	FER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES
Underground	
//Runo	off Determination - per 2001 Ecology Manual, for the design storms as established
	ne Technical Committee review.
//Area	Draining to SWM System, Bypass and Compensation Areas
//Offsi	te Areas Draining on Site - generally do not need to be controlled but, must be
safel	y conveyed
//Deter	ntion Volume Computation - show volume required and volume provided -
stage	e/storage curve must match proposed facility
/_/_Cont	rolling Orifice Computation - plans and computation must match
//Cont	rol Structure - designed and detailed (plan view and cross section required) shall
conf	orm to COR Std 610 or equivalent.
	le of Detention Pipe or Vault
	tural Details and Vault Calculations (separate building division review and permit
requi	
	ts - show for all pipes entering and leaving control structure or vault
	- minimum 2" diameter for pipe detention systems
	1 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

//_	_Maintenance Vehicle Access - required to both ends of detention pipes and two (2)
	accesses to vaults (one near control structure)
//_	_Maximum Distance between Detention System Access Points - 100' and ladder access
	must be provided at all ends.
//_	_Easement - 5' minimum around all public detention systems (20' minimum width)
	Fire Hydrant - within 100 feet of detention pipe systems 4' in diameter or larger, and for
	all vault systems over 1000 cubic feet of total volume may be required.
/ /	_Detention Pipe Note - "Detention pipes may be air tested before final acceptance".
INFILT	TRATION
/ /	_Soil Permeability Tests or Gradation per DOE - two (2) tests minimum or one (1) for
	every 5000 s.f. of infiltration system bottom area. Test must end up being not more
	than 20' from the final location of the infiltration system. Note on plans - to be verified
	by field observation.
/ /	Soil Test - must be taken at the proposed bottom of infiltration system.
//	_Excavation or Boring - is required in the trench area to a minimum depth of 4' below
//	the proposed bottom of the trench. Infiltration not feasible if evidence of ground water
	or bedrock/hard pan.
/ /	1
//_	_Infiltration Bed - all infiltration system should be a minimum of 3' above the seasonal
, ,	high water mark, bedrock, hardpan and impermeable layer.
//_	_Setbacks
	//Minimum 200' from drinking water wells and springs, septic tanks and drain
	fields
	//Minimum 20' down slope and 100' up slope of building foundations
, ,	//Minimum 10' from and NGPE and property line
//_	_Down Spout Infiltration System - shall be designed with overall project for typical lot
	with individual homes.
//_	_Maximum Drainage Area
	//_Down Spout Infiltration Systems - 5000 s.f.
	//Infiltration Basin - 50 acres
	//Infiltration Trench - 15 acres
//_	_Infiltration System Location - may not be located in an area previously used as a
	sediment trap.
//_	_Inflow to an Infiltration System - must first pass through a pre-settling BMP or a
	biofilter. Disturbed areas shall not drain to the infiltration system.
//_	_Add the following note to the plan: "The contractor shall construct infiltration systems
	only after the entire area draining to it has been stabilized".
//_	_Filter fabric is required on all sides, top and bottom of infiltration trenches.
//_	_Maximum Trench Length - 100'
//_	_Observation Well - one is required per trench
//_	_Provisions for the 100-year overflow path required.
//_	_Maximum Ponding - in an open infiltration basins is 3' for the maximum storm entering
	the basin (not to exceed the 100 year - this includes headwater to pass storm flow out
	any overflow) 1' of freeboard is required to the top of the structure.
//_	_Basins Side Slopes - shall not exceed 3:1

//	Infiltration Basin Berm - must use impervious material for berm and the berm must be
	2' wide at the top for each foot in height as measured from the ponding area bottom.
RIOF	ILTRATION (See DOE Chapter III-6)
/ /	Required Length - 200' minimum (may be reduced to 150' for redevelopment projects
	only).
/ /	Designed Storm - 6-month/24-hour storm, high flow bypass required unless otherwise
	designated.
//	Maximum Velocity - 1.5 fps for the design storm.
//	Swale Slope - 6% maximum - for slope less than 2%, biofilter must be lined with
	underdrain. For slope greater than 4%, check dams must be provided.
//	Setbacks - no buildings or trees within 10' of the normal high water.
//	Maintenance Access – A backhoe must be able to access at least one side of each
	biofiltration swale.
//	Easement - public systems shall be in tracts, or easements, unless approved during site
, ,	review.
	Cross Section - show dimensions, design flow depth and 1' minimum freeboard
//	Vegetation Specifications - shall provide for water tolerant plants and shall address
	shading of vegetation. Biofilter planting shall be shown on the civil drawings and
/ /	subject to approval from the Construction Division.  Swales/Transhes including grading slope spot alevations (a minimum of every 50')
//	Swales/Trenches - including, grading, slope, spot elevations (a minimum of every 50' and at both ends), bottom width, side slopes, and lining.
/ /	Biofiltration swales lined or over impermeable soil
//	<u>-</u>
	Filter strips allowed provided their minimum length is 200'.
WETI	POND/DETENTION FACILITIES
//	Setbacks - 20' minimum away from structure and ROW, and 50' minimum away from
	steep slope (15% or greater)
	Length/Width Ratio - minimum of 3.0 (preferred)
//	Interior Slope - maximum of 3H:1V. A 2:1 slope below water surface OK where no
, ,	geotechnical liner is used and pool depth is under 4'.
//:	Pond fencing is required where walls or slopes steeper than 3:1 are designed.
//;	Permanent Pool - minimum of 6-month/24-hour basin runoff volume.
//	Live Storage - maximum of 100-year/24-hour release.
//	<ul><li>Berm Embankment - maximum of 6' high (preferred)</li><li>Toe of Embankment - minimum of 55' from ROW.</li></ul>
//	Detention pond permanent pool depth under 8'
//	Multi-Celled - minimum of 2 cell (preferred)
//	Emergency Overflow - for open pond, shall be completely separated from pond outlet.
	5' wide safety bench set at or 1' below the permanent water surface elevation around
	perimeter of pond. Plant bench with wetland planting.
/ /	Trees must be setback from the 100-year storm stage. Maintenance access to the pond
	must be unhindered by trees.
//	Natural shape preferred

//_	Maintenance access - a Vactor truck shall be able to access the control structure, a
	backhoe shall be able to access the pond bank.
//_	_ Inflow pipes to the pond discharge at or above the control elevation. (Stormwater
	Engineer may approve submerged inflow).
<u>ADDIT</u>	TIONAL COMMENTS
1.	
2.	